

Search for a K^-pp Bound State with FOPI



Status of the Experiment

Olaf Hartmann
for the FOPI Collaboration

*Stefan-Meyer-Institut für Subatomare Physik
Österreichische Akademie der Wissenschaften
Vienna, Austria*



Olaf N. Hartmann



ECT* Trento, October 2009

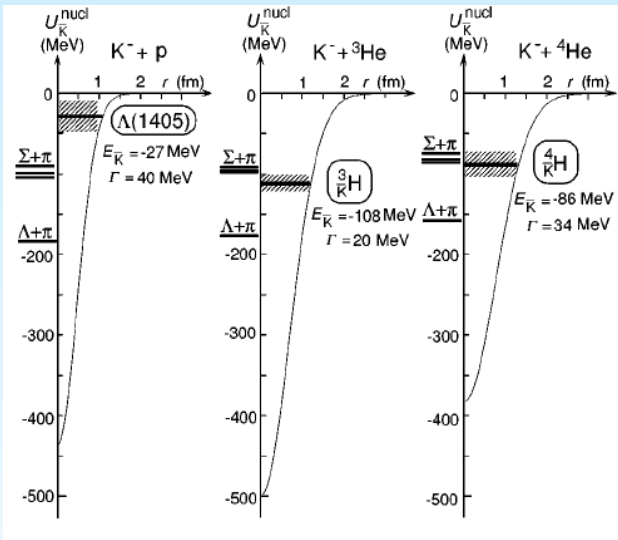


Outline

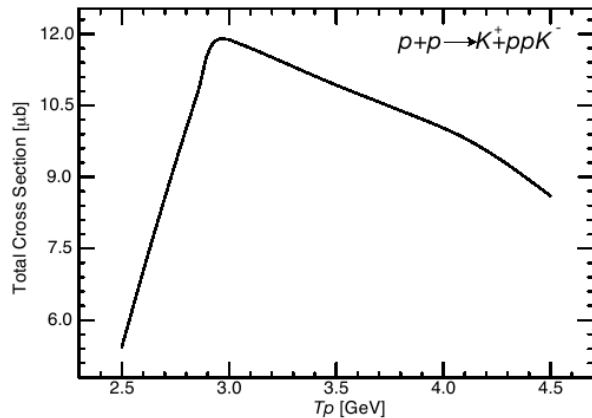
- Introduction
 - Bound State in p+p Collisions?
- The FOPI Detector at GSI-SIS
 - Additional Hardware
- Test Experiments and Production Run
 - Performances and Data Analysis
- Outlook
 - Strangeness Production and Propagation in Pion induced Reactions

Introduction

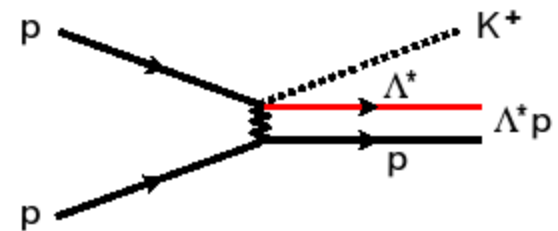
Y. Akaishi & T. Yamazaki, PRC65(2002)
prediction of bound states with
small width involving strangeness



Y.A. and T.Y., PRC76(2007)
enhanced production of
 K^-pp in $p+p$ collisions predicted



beam energy
> 2.9 GeV



Introduction

Production and Decay of a K^-pp State

$$p + p \rightarrow K^+ + K^-pp \geq 3 \mu\text{b}$$

charged kaon

proton + charged decay products of a Λ hyperon

$$K^-pp \rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \Lambda + p \rightarrow \pi^- + p + p & 50\% \\ \Sigma^0 + p \rightarrow \pi^- + p + \gamma + p & \\ \Sigma^+ + n & \end{array} \right\} 50\%$$

background

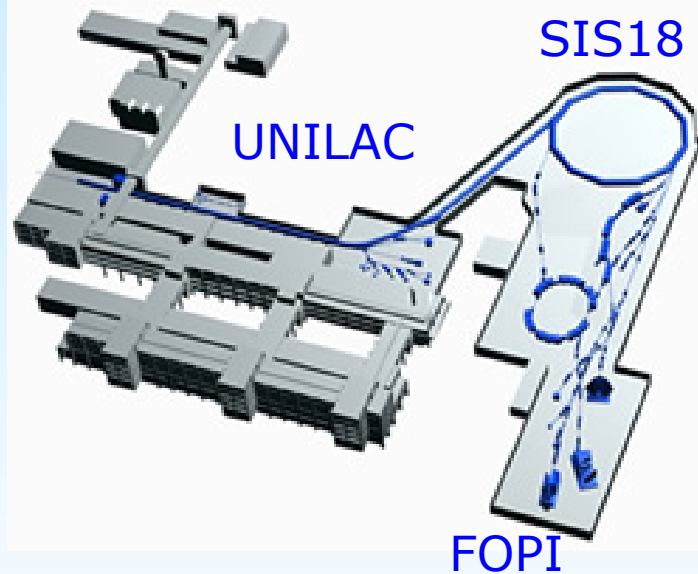
total cross section $\approx 40 \text{ mb}$

$$p + p \rightarrow K^+ + \Lambda + p \quad 40 \mu\text{b}$$

$$p + p \rightarrow K^+ + \Sigma^0 + p \quad 15 \mu\text{b}$$

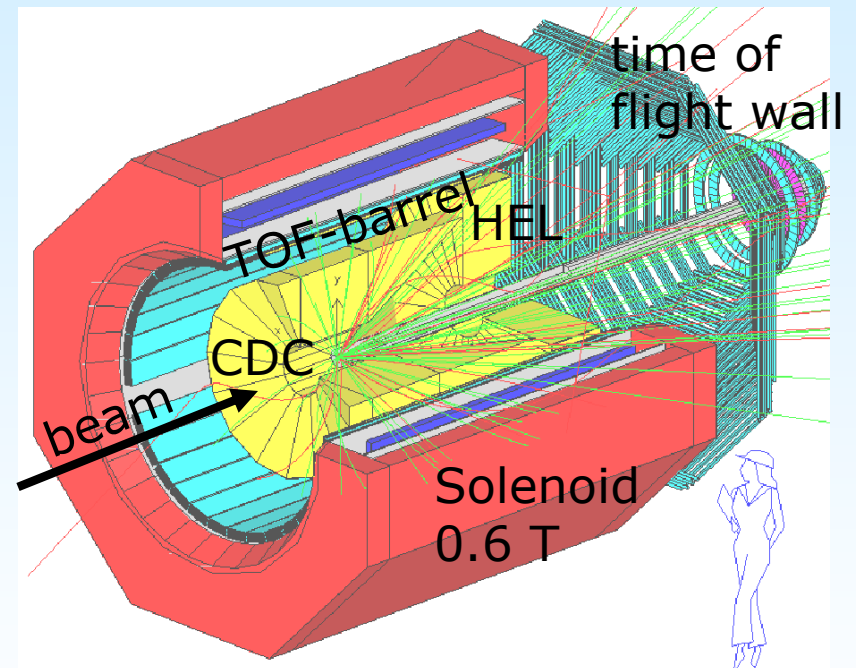
detect a final state out of four charged particles

The FOPI Detector at GSI-SIS



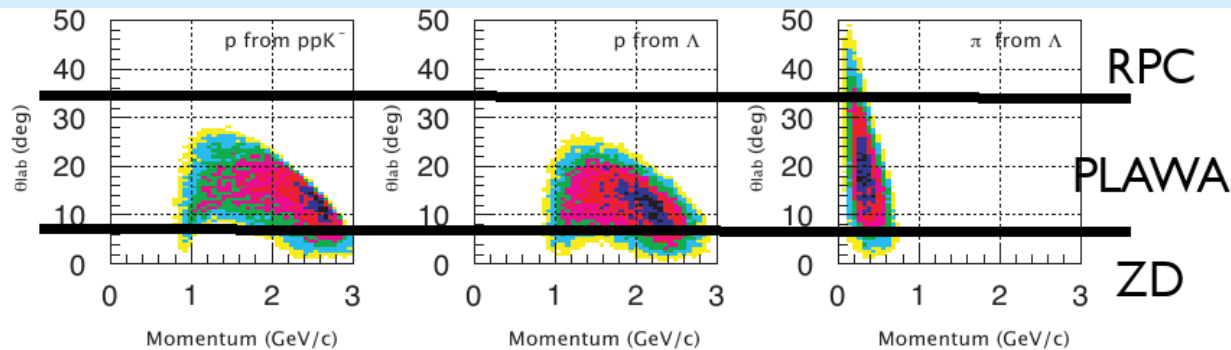
proton beams up to 3.5 GeV
slow extraction up to 10 s
extracted beam intensities
up to $O(10^{10})$ particles/spill

FOPI Setup



CDC, HEL: drift chambers

FOPi Detector Setup Acceptance



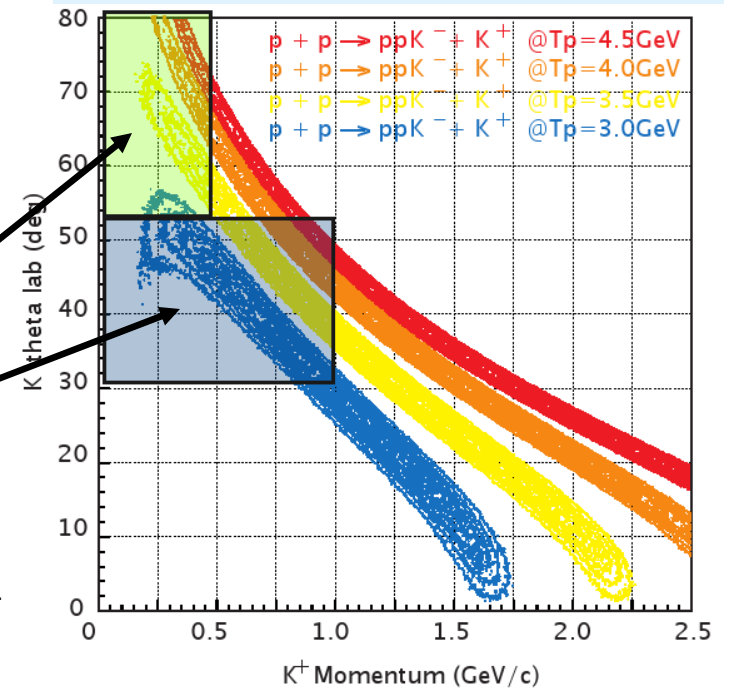
acceptance for protons and π^-

FOPi provides the necessary acceptance coverage

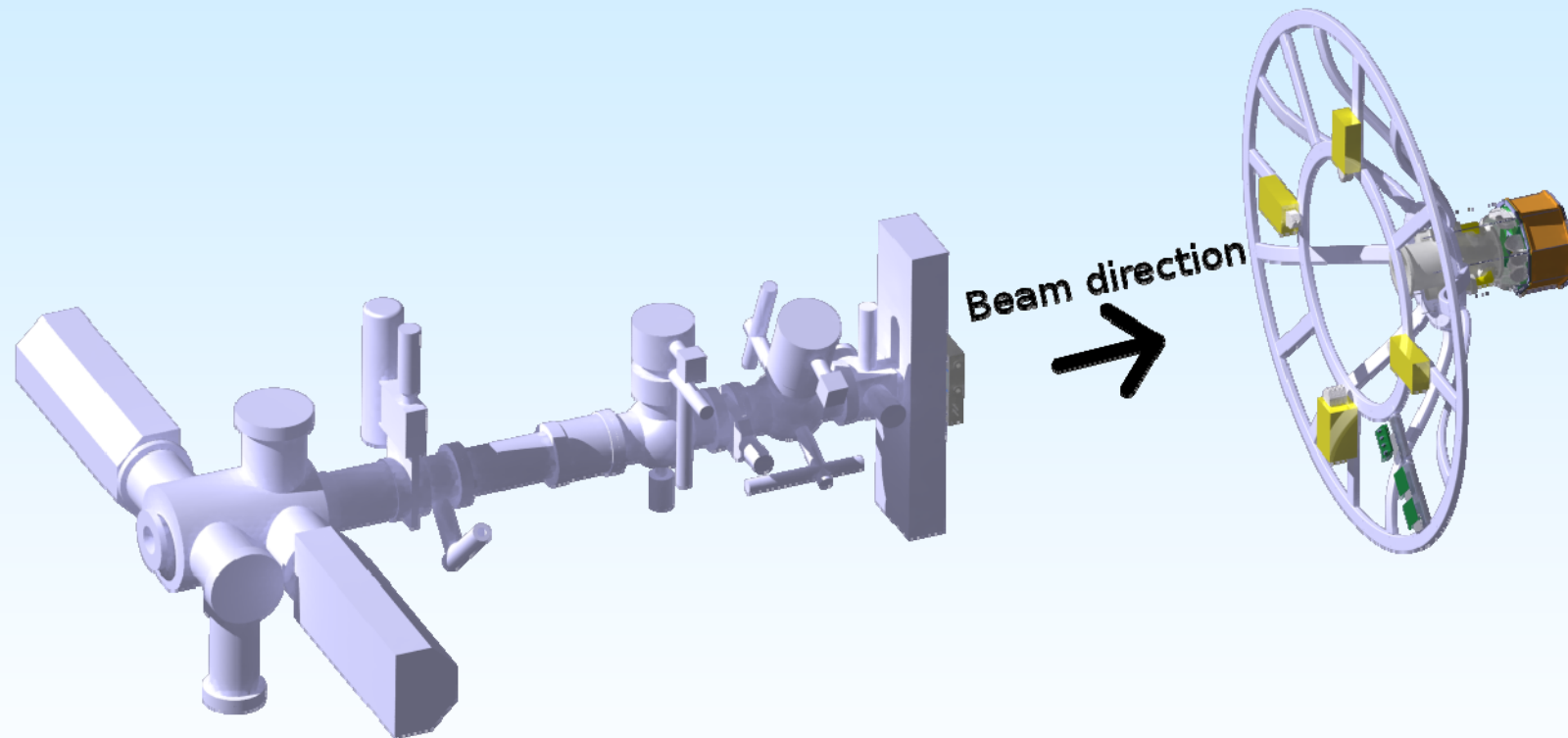
plastic barrel

RPC

acceptance for K^+

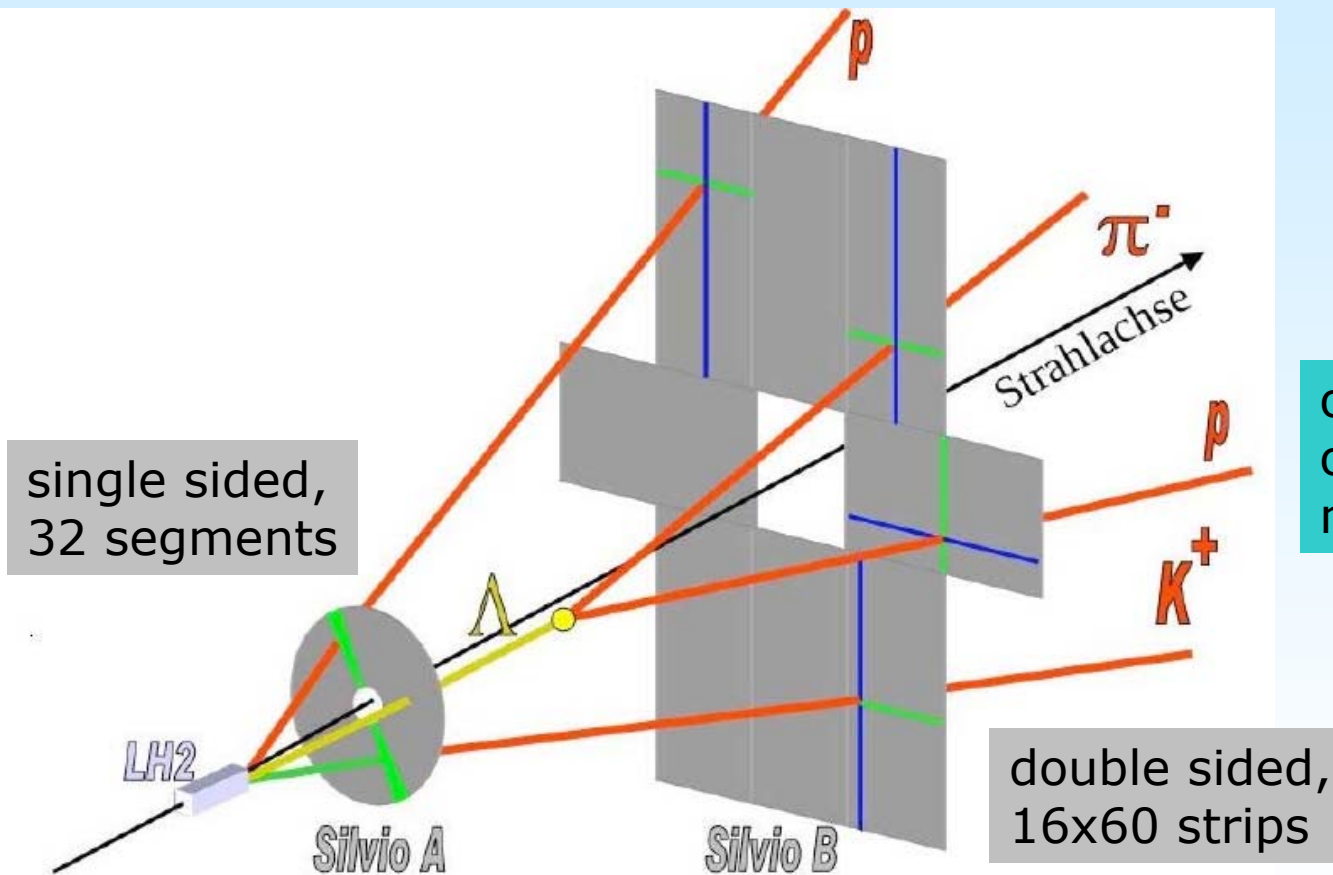


FOPi Detector Setup Extensions



FOPi Detector Setup

Λ -Trigger



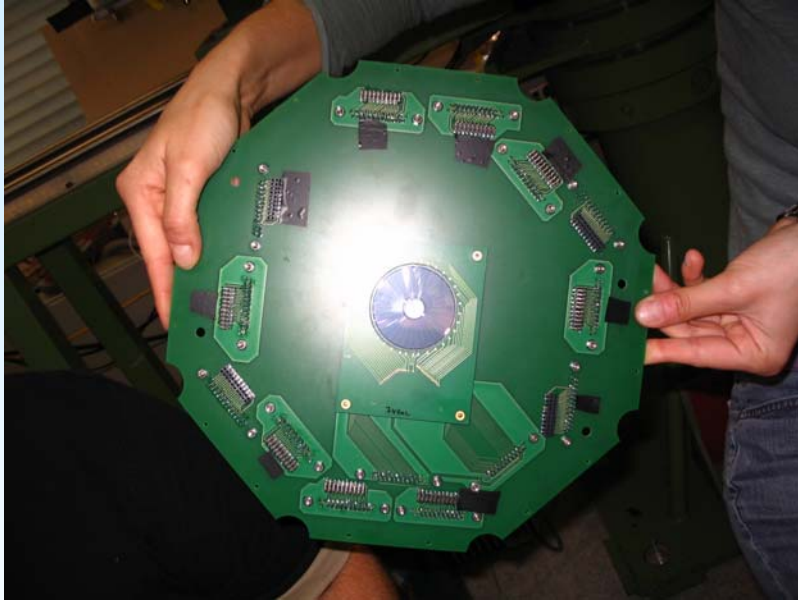
two layers of
silicon strip
detectors

online comparison
of charged particle
multiplicities

enhance
 Λ final states

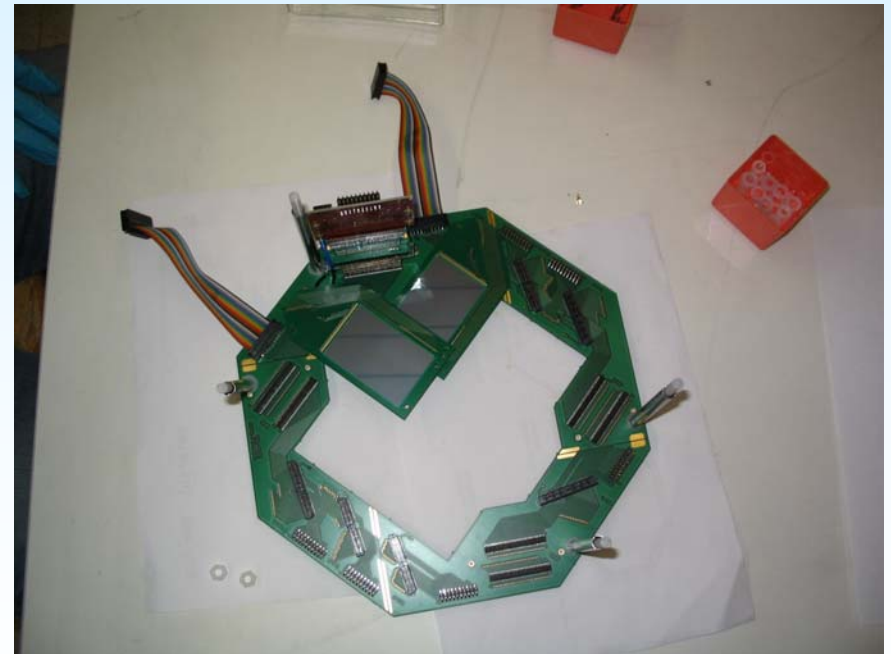
FOPI Detector Setup

Λ -Trigger SIAVIO



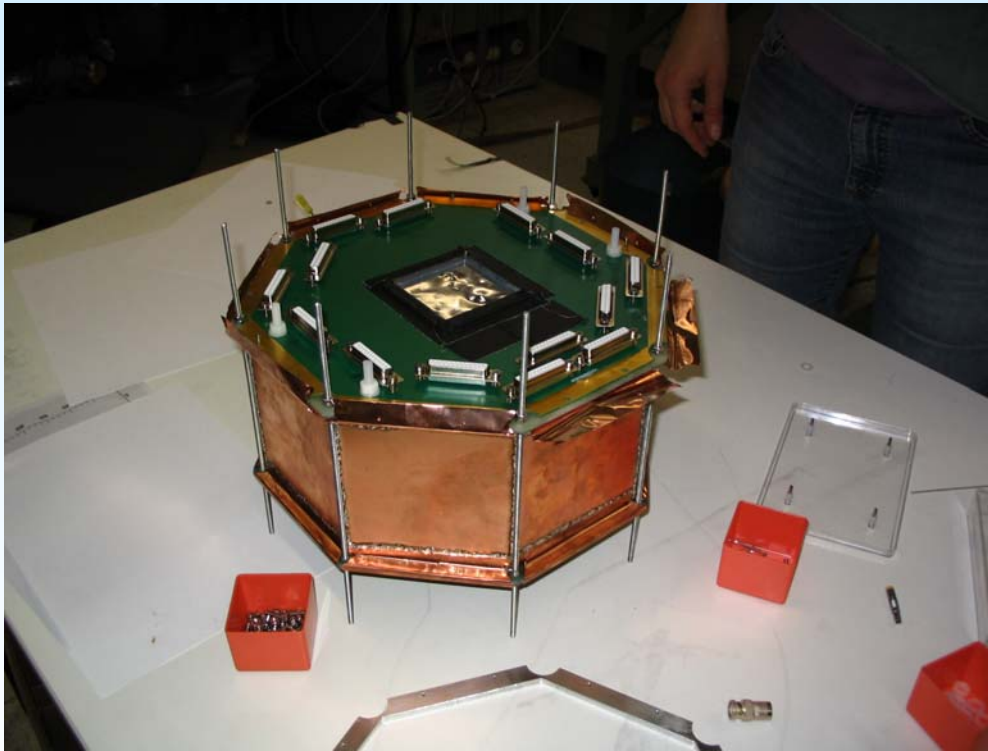
SIAVIO A mounted on its board

two detector units of SIAVIO B mounted on the board



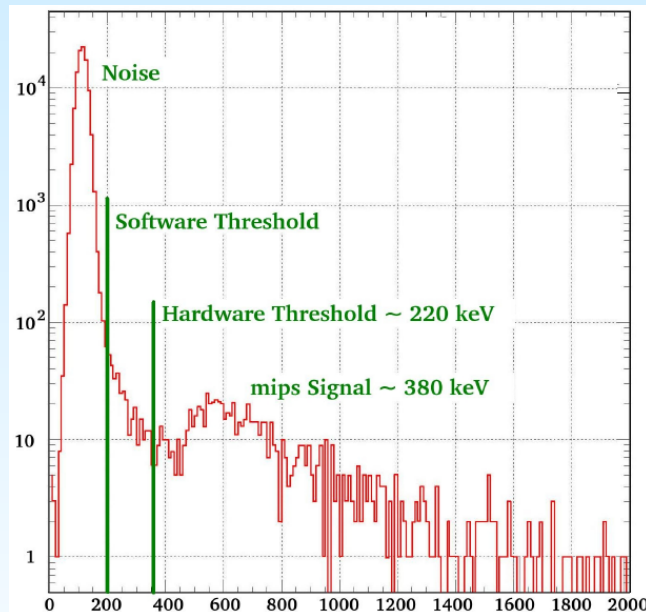
FOPi Detector Setup

Λ -Trigger SIAVIO



the completely assembled SIAVIO detector in its housing ready for being mounted and connected

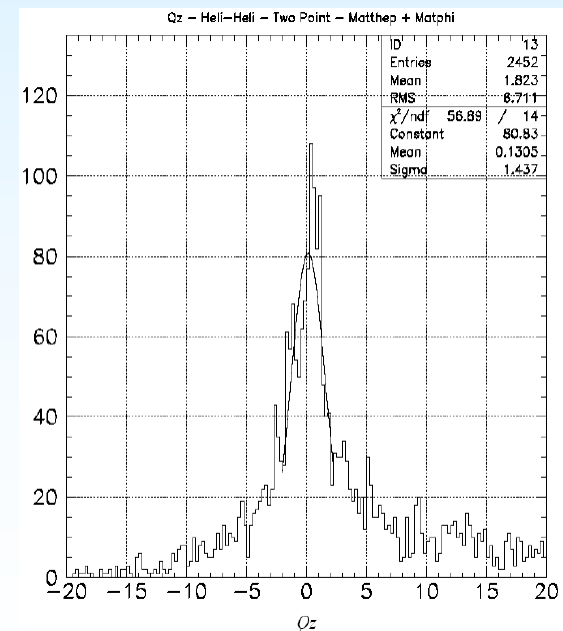
Λ -Trigger SIAVIO



typical ADC spectrum
of one strip (in beam);
MIP peak well separated

geometrical matching
with tracks from the for-
ward drift chamber allows
for vertex reconstruction

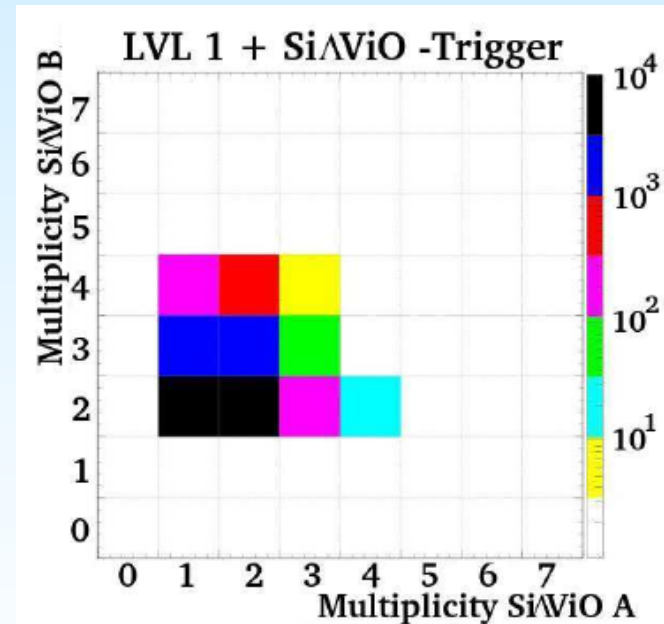
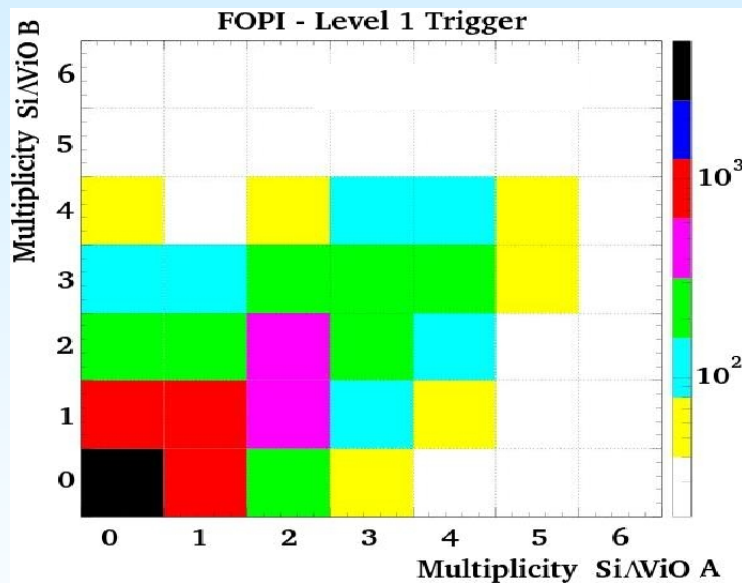
R. Münzer



SI\AVIO Trigger Performance

multiplicity of first vs. second layer

R. Münzer



trigger w/o threshold on SI\AVIO ("level 1")

with (hardware) multiplicity condition set

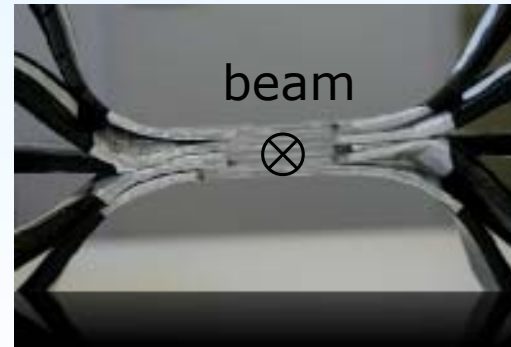
FOPi Detector Setup

New Start Detector System



iron tubes and box for magnetic field shielding

wish to run with high beam current \rightarrow construction of a segmented start counter



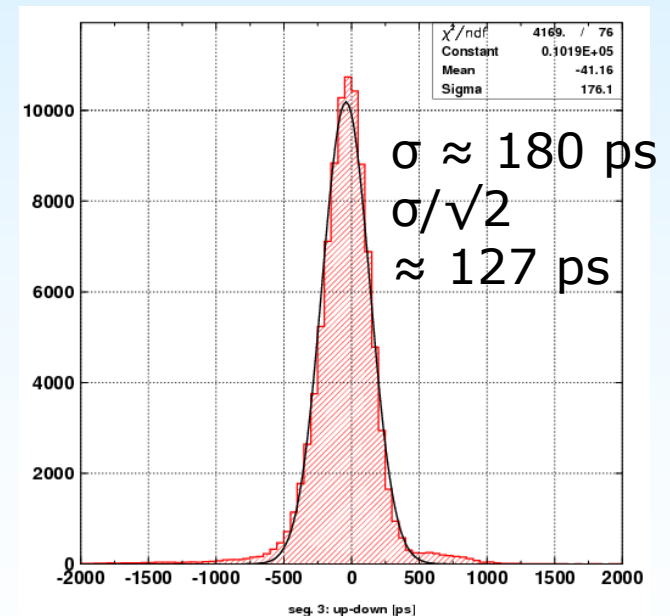
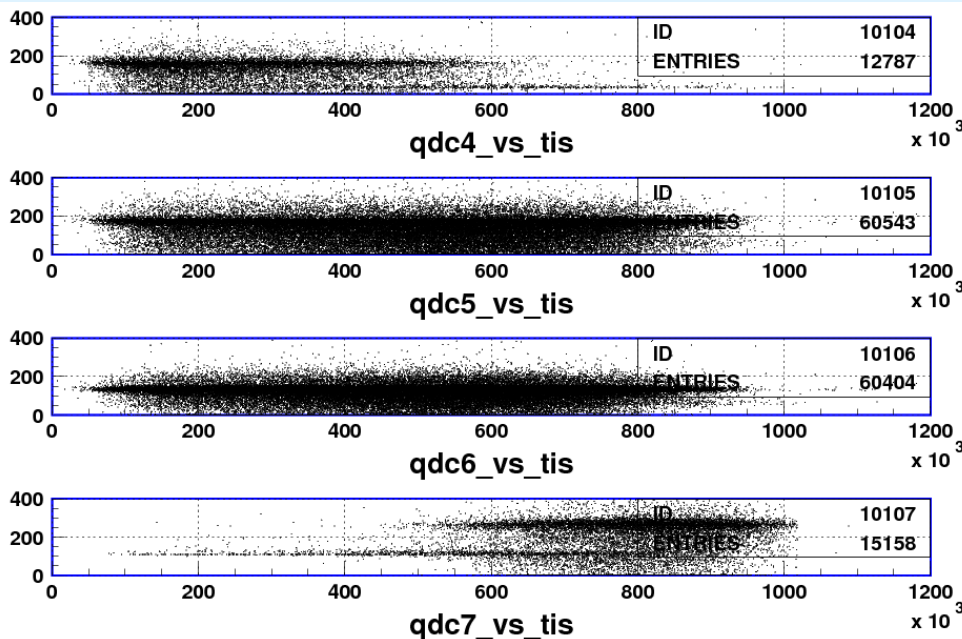
five scintillator strips, 2 mm wide

FOPi Detector Setup

Start Detector Performance

intensity distribution – mostly strip
no. 3 (QDC 5+6) is hit

time resolution:
time difference between
both end of the strip in
the center (no. 3)



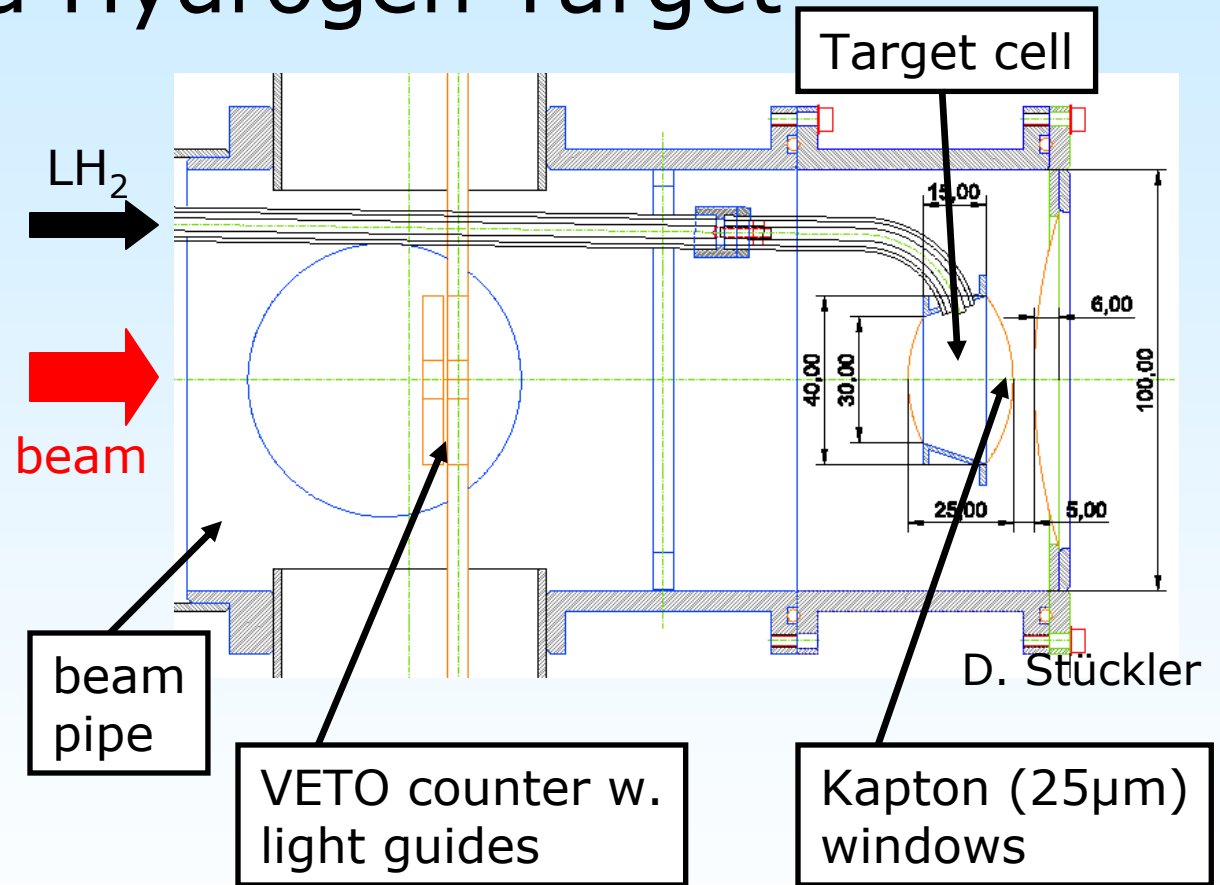
P. Bühler

FOPi Detector Setup

Liquid Hydrogen Target

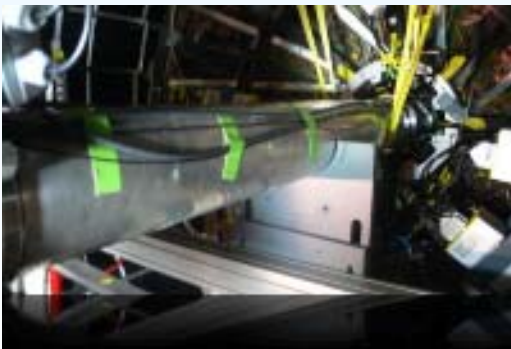
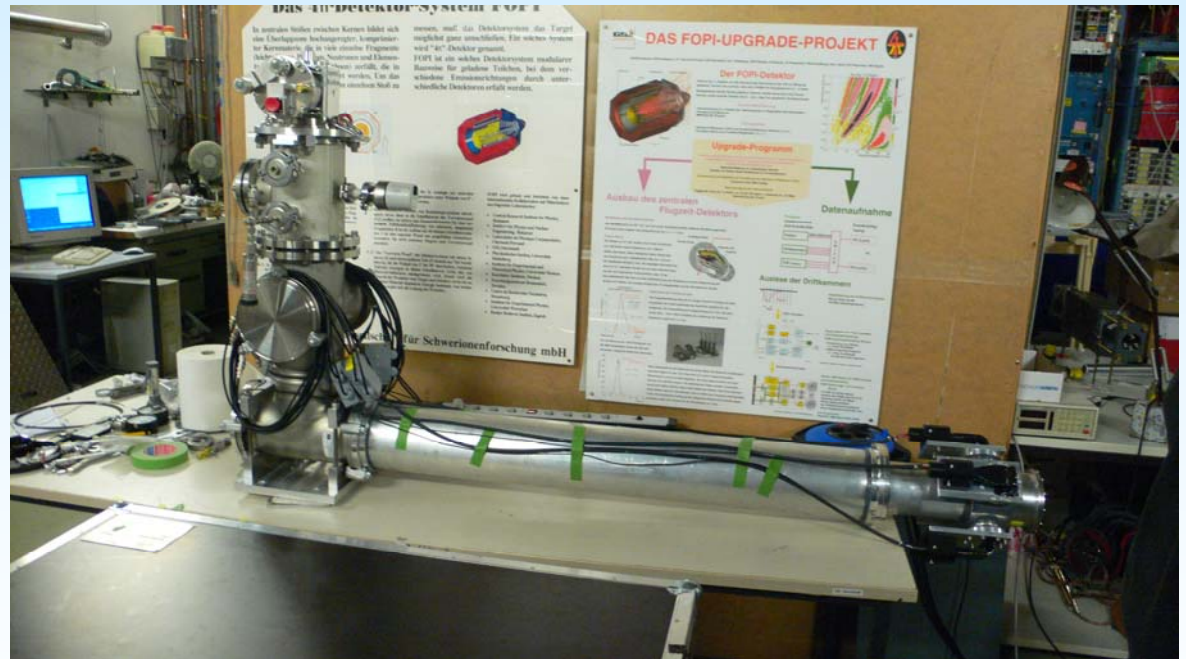
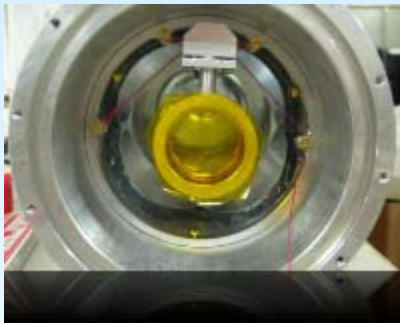


2.5 cm effective length
of the target cell
(1.8% interaction)



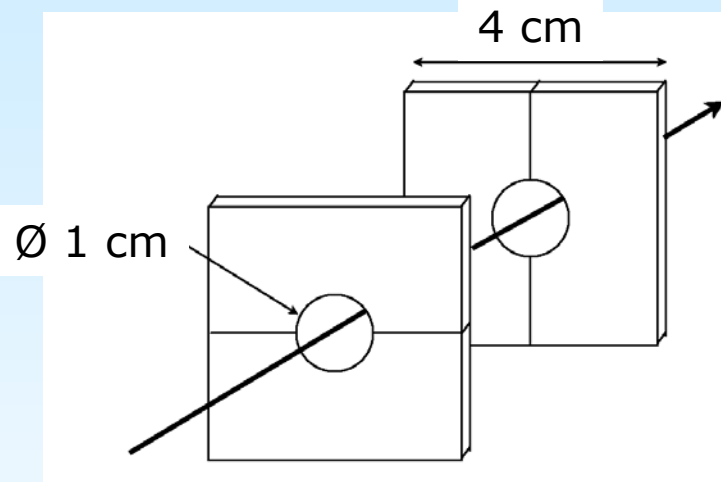
FOPI Detector Setup

Liquid Hydrogen Target



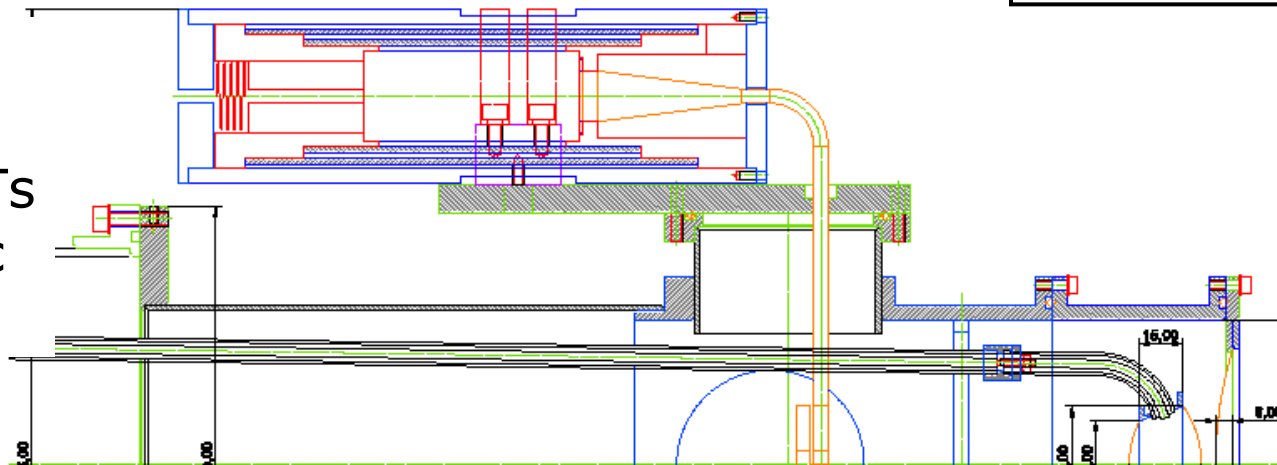
FOPi Detector Setup

LH₂ Target and VETO Detector



VETO Detector:
exclude off-axis
particles by four
scint. paddles
forming a 1 cm
hole

readout
by fine-
mesh PMTs
(magnetic
field)



Test Experiments and Production Run

April 2009:

test experiment with 3 GeV proton + $\text{CH}_3(\text{CH}_2)_n\text{CH}_3$

August/September 2009: 14 days
production run; 3.1 GeV proton + LH_2

DISTO

$\sim 80 \cdot 10^6$ “ Λ -trigger” events (LV.2) recorded
reduction level 1/level 2: factor 11-12
 ~ 20.000 “forward Λ ” expected

Calibration for the various subdetectors is still
in progress!



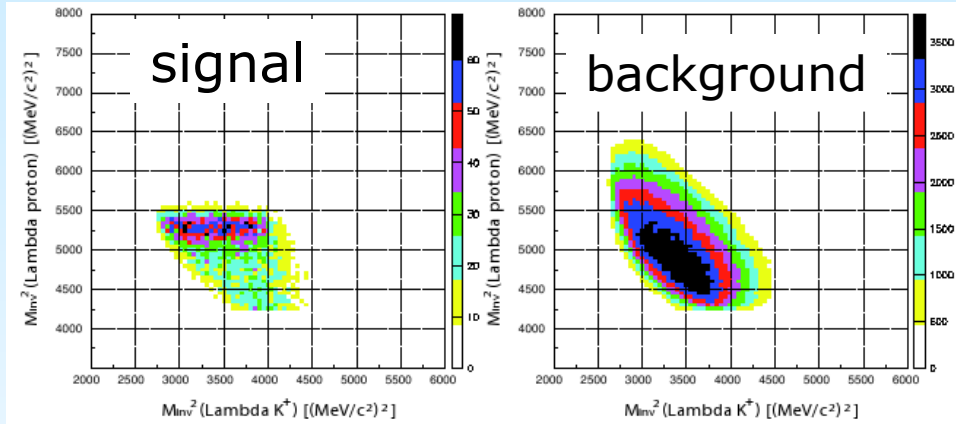
Olaf N. Hartmann



ECT* Trento, October 2009

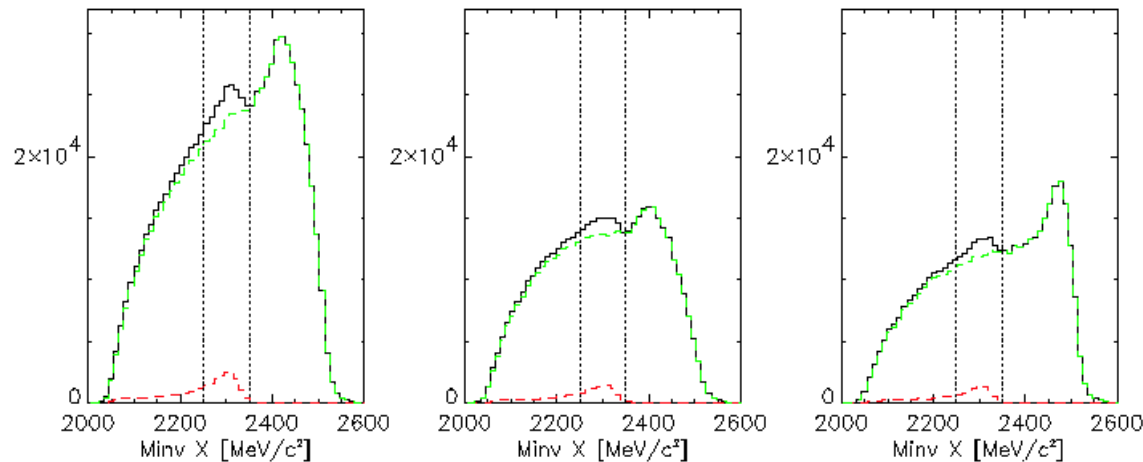


How do/could the Data look like?



invariant mass (Λ , K^+)

Simulation K^-pp ($\Gamma=60$ MeV)



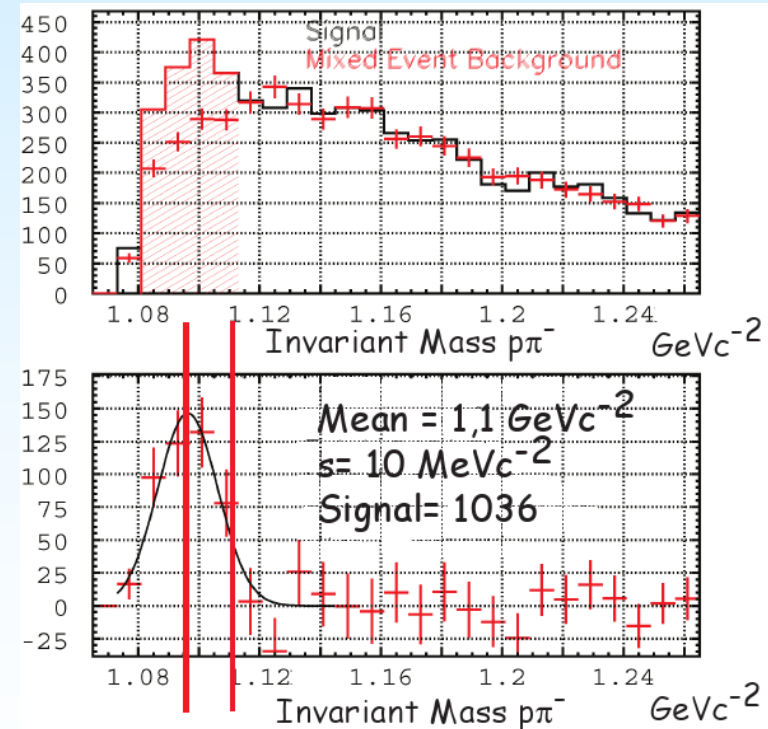
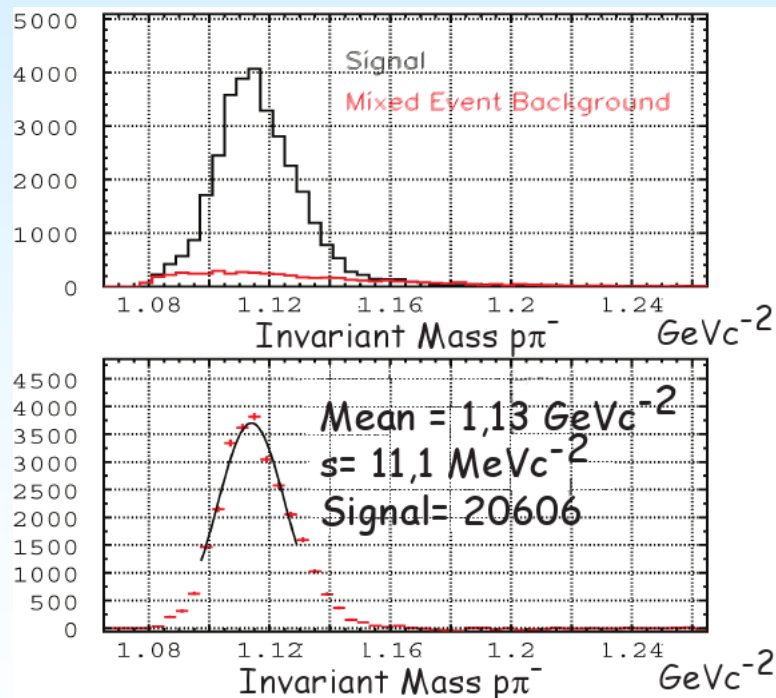
background

signal

Data Analysis: Λ Reconstruction

full-scale GEANT
simulation for $pK^+\Lambda$

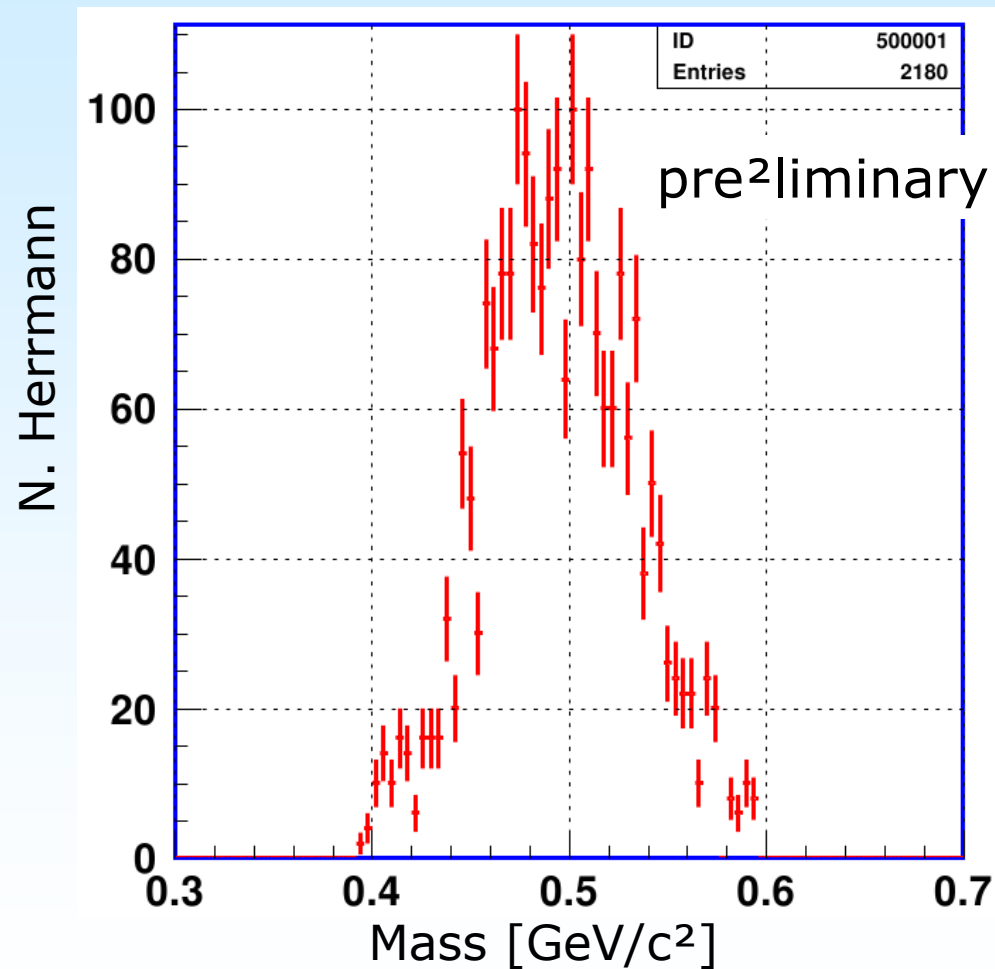
S349 aug/sep 09
very preliminary



R. Münzer

Λ decay products under forward angles

Data Analysis: K^+

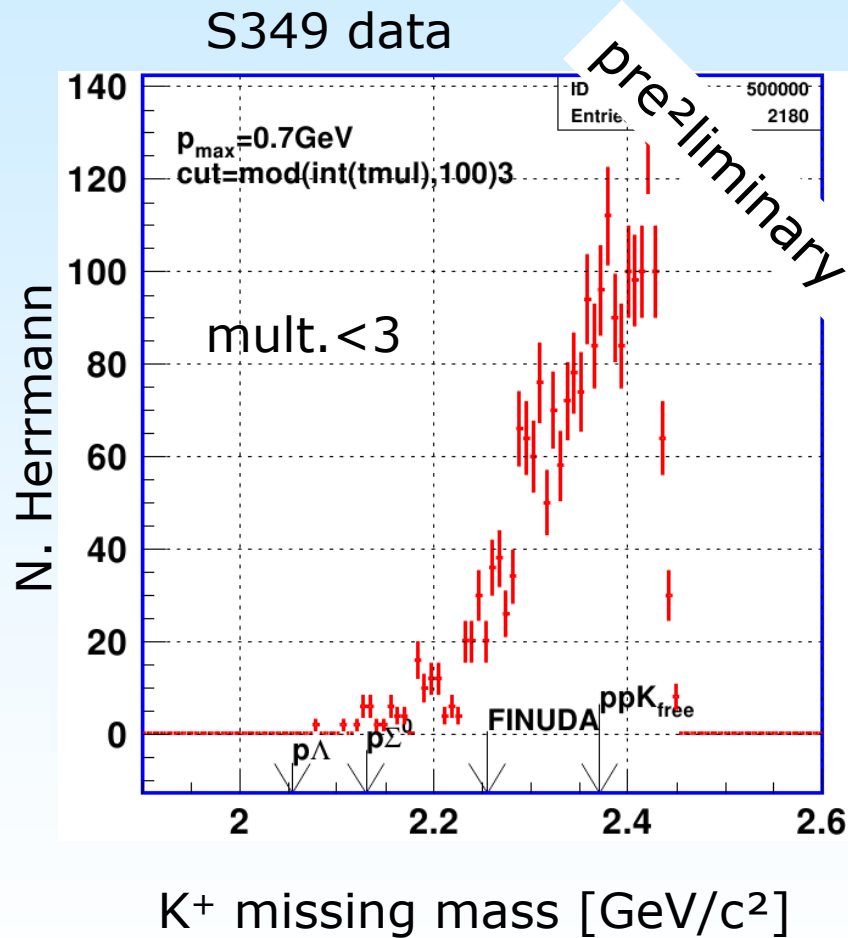


RPC/barrel region

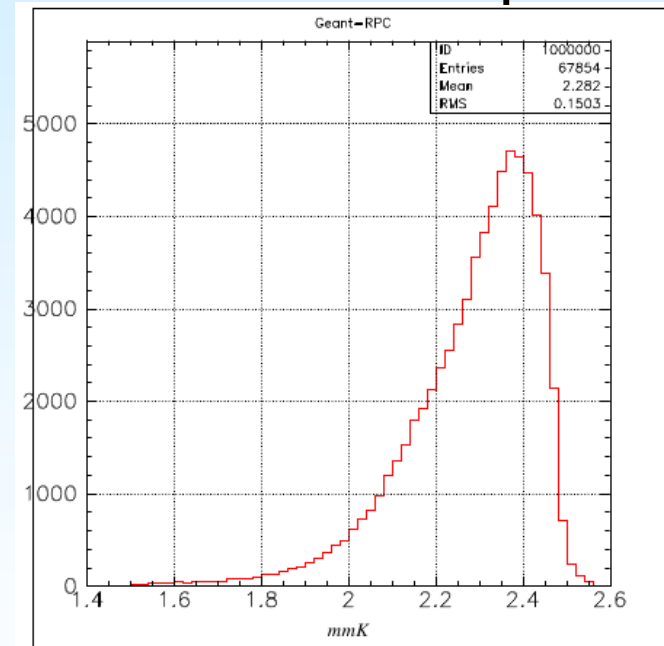
K^+ mass distribution
(after PID cuts)

$\sim 1/4$ of the statistics

Data Analysis: K^+ Missing Mass



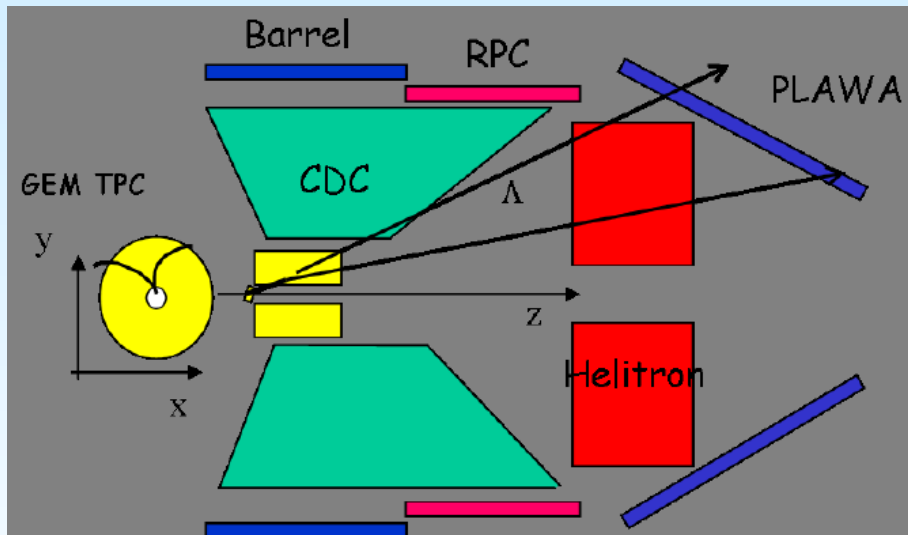
full-scale GEANT simulation for $pK^+\Lambda$



M. Berger

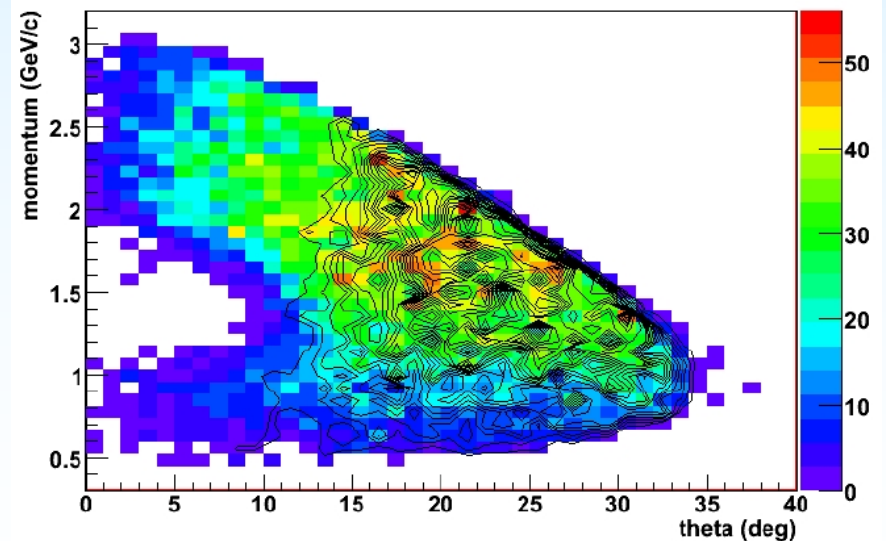
we are in the expected range

Outlook GEM-TPC



further improvement
of charged particle
identification

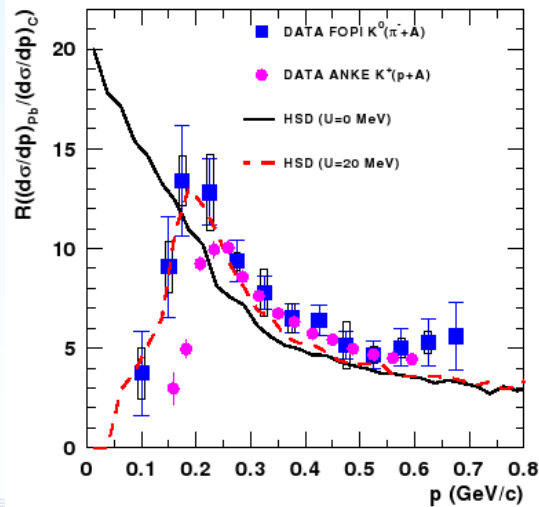
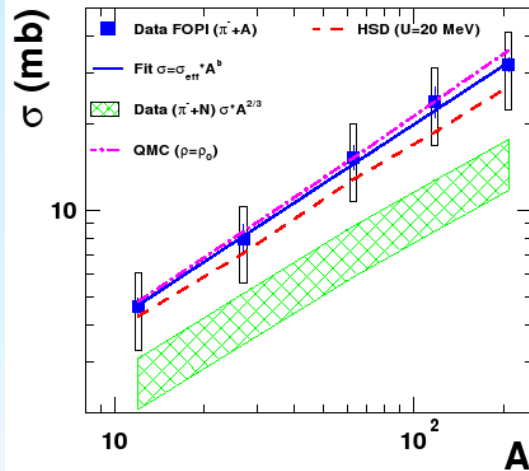
small prototype of the
PANDA time projection
chamber with GEM-readout



Outlook

Pion Beam Experiment

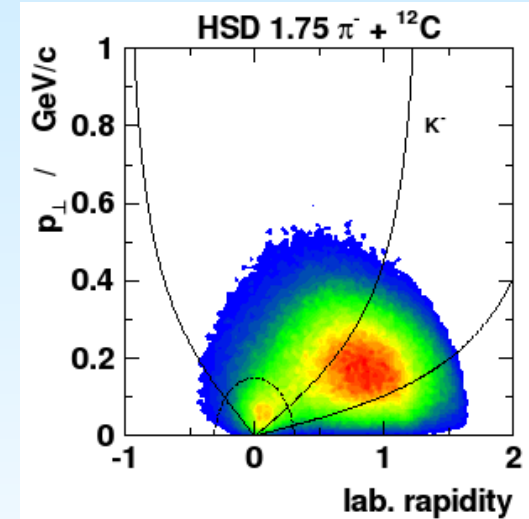
M.L. Benabderrahmane, PRL102(2009)



Experiment 2004
 1.15 GeV/c π^-
 + C, Pb (Al, Cu, Sn)

in-medium K^0
 production cross
 section

information on
 K^0N potential depth



2010:
 1.75 GeV/c π^- +
 H, C, Pb (,Cu)

K^+K^- co-production

Conclusions

- Deeply bound states of K^- predicted by Akaishi & Yamazaki 2002
 - p+p reaction at high energy proposed to form the fundamental cluster K^-pp
- Experimental Program started with FOPI at GSI-SIS
 - production run accomplished recently
- Complementary information from pion induced reactions envisaged